

## What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

## That by the end of KS2, pupils will:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music

Term	Topic	Key Learning	Vocabulary
Autumn	Ballads	Know that a ballad tells a story through song	ballad, ensemble, compose, lyrics
		Know that lyrics are the words of a song Know that in a ballad, a 'stanza' is a verse	
		Discuss the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary	
		Recognise and explain the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary	
		Begin to show an awareness of metre	
		Begin to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music) when discussing	
		improvements to their own and others' work	
		Compose a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments	
		Sing songs in a variety of musical styles with accuracy and control, demonstrating developing vocal	
		technique	
		Sing and play in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the	
		group performance	



Spring	Developing singing	Know that the group of pitches in a song is called its 'key' and that a key decides whether a song	composition, melody, notation, tempo,
	technique	sounds happy or sad	minim, crotchet, quaver, coordinated,
	teemique	Know that different notes have different durations, and that crotchets are worth one whole beat	disciplined
		Understand that 'reading' music means using how the written note symbols look and their position to	
		know what notes to play	
		Know that written music tells you how long to play a note for	
		Understand that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features	
		Recognise and explain the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary	
		Begin to show an awareness of metre	
		Begin to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music) when discussing	
		improvements to their own and others' work	
		Compose a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments	
		Combine melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style (pentatonic)	
		Use letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and	
		record their compositions	
		Sing songs in a variety of musical styles with accuracy and control, demonstrating developing vocal	
		technique	
		Sing and play in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the	
		group performance	
		Perform from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols	
		using musical terminology	
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Spring/Summer	Pentatonic melodies and	Know that the word 'crescendo' means a sound getting gradually louder	tempo, crescendo, dynamics, timbre,
	composition	Know that some traditional music around the world is based on five notes called a 'pentatonic' scale	duration
		Understand that a pentatonic melody uses only the five notes C D E G A	
		Discuss the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary	
		Understand that music from different parts of the world, and different times, has different features	
		Recognise and explain the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary	
		Describe the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through	
		movement	
		Begin to show an awareness of metre	
		Begin to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-dimensions of music) when discussing	
		improvements to their own and others' work	
		Combine melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered composition in a given style (pentatonic)	
		Use letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and	
		record their compositions	
		Suggest and implement improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary	
		Sing and play in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the	
		group performance	
		Perform from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and able to identify these symbols	
		using musical terminology	



Summer Traditional instruments Know that Indian music uses all of the sounds in between the 12 'notes' that we are used to in western sitar, tanp	oura, table, tala, rag, tempo,
Traditional instruments	oura, table, tala, rag, tempo, , bollywood, drone, notation