

## What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

## That by the end of KS2, pupils will:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music

Term	Topic	Key Learning	Vocabulary
Autumn	ced rhythms	Know that 'graphic notation' means writing music down using your choice of pictures or symbols but 'staff notation' means music written more formally on the special lines called 'staves' Know that Steve Reich is a composer who wrote the minimalist piece 'Clapping Music' in 1972 Understand that all types of music notation show note duration, including the Kodaly method which uses syllables to indicate rhythms  Know that a quaver is worth half a beat  Recognise and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts  Identify the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect  Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music Evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds  Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others work  Improvise coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features  Record own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating  Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary  Sing songs in two or more secure parts from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression  Work as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time and communicating with the group  Perform with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation  Perform by following a conductor's cues and directions	Zoltan Kodaly, rhythm, syllables, crotchets, quavers, notation, pulse, chant, melody, unison, rhythmic elements, music critic, compose, beat



Spring	Dynamics, pitch and	Know that the conductor beats time to help the performers work well together	audio, video, depicting, texture, pitch,
	texture	Understand that improvisation means making up music 'on the spot'	dynamics, conductor, improvisation,
	l contains	Understand that texture can be created by adding or removing instruments in a piece and can	notation, graphic score, composition,
		create the effect of dynamic change	ensemble
		Know that timbre can also be thought of as 'tone colour' and can be described in many ways eg	
		warm or cold, rich or bright	
		Discuss musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing	
		the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles	
		Represent changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices	
		with reference to musical vocabulary	
		Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music	
		Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to	
		discuss and evaluate their own and others work	
		Improvise coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features	
		Compose a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and Instruments	
		Develop melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and	
		texture	
		Record own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating	
		Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary	
		Work as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as	
		required, keeping in time and communicating with the group	
		Perform a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance	
		Perform with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation	
		Perform by following a conductor's cues and directions	



Spring/	Theme and variations	Know that a 'theme' is a main melody in a piece of music	pop art, themes, variations, orchestra,
Summer		Know that 'variations' in music are when a main melody is changed in some way throughout the	instrument, sections, powerful, energetic,
		piece	relaxing, pizzicato, ensemble, diaphragm,
		Know that 'The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra' was written in 1945 by Benjamin Britten	melody, phrase, rhythms, body percussion,
		Understand that representing beats of silence or 'rests' in written music is important as it helps us	rhythmic elements
		play rhythms correctly	
		Discuss musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing	
		the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles	
		Recognise and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts	
		Represent changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary	
		Identify the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect	
		Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music	
		Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to	
		discuss and evaluate their own and others work	
		Improvise coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features	
		Compose a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and Instruments	
		Develop melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and	
		texture	
		Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary	
		Sing songs in two or more secure parts from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression	
		Work as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as	
		required, keeping in time and communicating with the group	
		Perform with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation	



Summer	Composing and	Know that a chord progression is a sequence of chords that repeats throughout a song	lyrics, tempo, presto, allegro, largo,
	performing a leavers'	Know that a melody can be adapted by changing its dynamics, pitch or tempo	accelerando, ritardando, melody, dynamics,
	song	Know that chord progressions are represented in music by Roman numerals Recognise and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts Identify the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music Evaluate how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds Improvise coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features Compose a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and Instruments Compose an original song, incorporating lyric writing, melody writing and the composition of accompanying features, within a given structure Record own composition using appropriate forms of notation and/or technology and incorporating Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary Sing songs in two or more secure parts from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression Work as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time and communicating with the group Perform a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance Perform with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation Perform by following a conductor's cues and directions	forte, piano, crescendo, diminuendo, verse, chorus, rhyme, poetic structure, chords, chord progression, improvisation, staff notation, four-chord progression,